

PRE-SEMESTER BULLETIN

December 2020

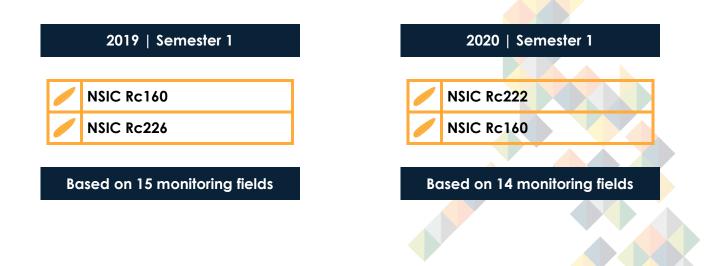
REGION XII - SOCCSKSARGEN

Common pests and rice varieties planted in the region

TABLE 1. Commonly observed pests in the region for the 1st semesters of 2019 and 2020.

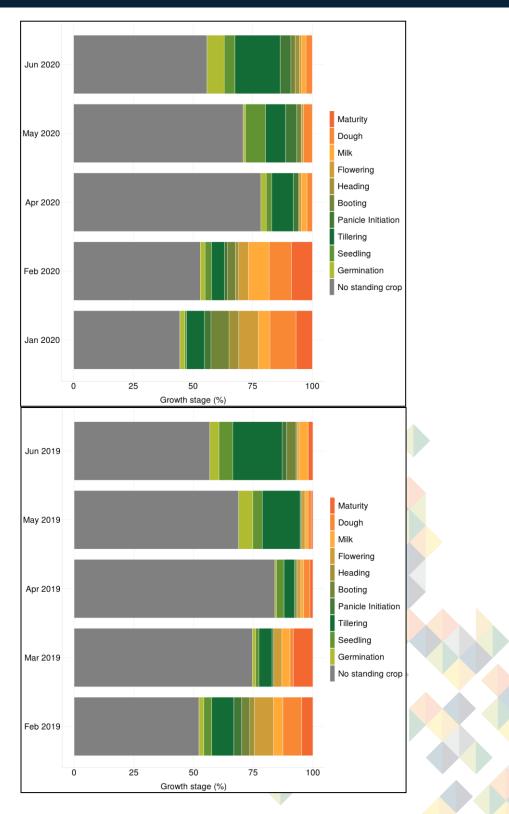


TABLE 2. Commonly planted varieties in the region for the 1st semesters of 2019 and 2020.



Growth stages

FIGURE 1. Percentage of crop growth stage of fields by month.



Monitored fields and data collectors

Municipalities	North Cotabato: Kabacan, Midsayap, M'Lang, Pigkawayan, and Tulunan
surveyed	Sultan Kudarat: Columbio, Esperanza, and Lambayong (Mariano Marcos)
Monitoring date	January 2020 - June 2020
Number of monitoring fields	159
Data collectors	Darwin Collado, Ivan Talatala, Jennefer Bitoon, and Joeharry Langcuyan

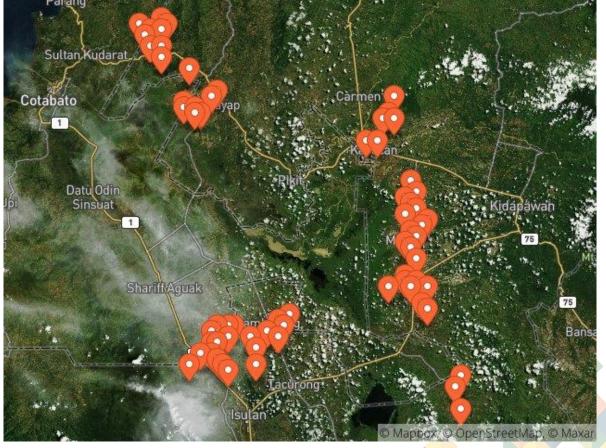


FIGURE 2. Monitored barangays in Region XII from January 2020 to June 2020. Each barangay is represented by 1 marker.

Municipalities	North Cotabato: Kabacan, Midsayap, M'Lang, Pigkawayan, and Tulunan
surveyed	Sultan Kudarat: Columbio, Esperanza, and Lambayong (Mariano Marcos)
Monitoring date	January 2019 - June 2019
Number of monitoring fields	159
Data collectors	Aran Jean Anota, Darwin Collado, Ivan Talatala, Jennefer Bitoon, Joeharry Langcuyan, and John Greg Castre



FIGURE 3. Monitored barangays in Region XII from January 2019 to June 2019. Each barangay is represented by 1 marker.

At a glance

Table 3. Mean incidence of pest injuries, count of insect pests, and percentage of weed cover by month from January to June 2020.

Region XII			2020			
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
A. FOLIAR DISEASES						
Bacterial leaf blight	0.2	0.4	0	0.1	0.1	0.
Bacterial leaf streak	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Brown spot	1.4	1.0	0	0.9	0.5	0.
Leaf blast	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Red stripe	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
B. DISEASE OR PEST INJU	Y ON TILLERS					
Deadheart	0.8	0.3	0	2.3	0.5	0.
Sheath blight	0.1	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0.
C. DISEASE OR PEST INJU	Y ON PANICLES					
Neck blast	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Whitehead	1.3	2.6	0	0.4	0.5	1.
D. SYSTEMIC DISEASE OR F	PEST INJURY					
Bugburn	0.1	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Hopperburn	2.9	1.2	0	0.0	0.0	1.
Tungro	0.0	0.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.
E. INSECT COUNT						
Brown planthopper	0.1	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Green leafhopper	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Rice black bug	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
Rice bug	0.6	0.7	0	0.3	0.1	0.
Rice grain bug	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
F. RAT INJURY	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.
G. WEED COVER	10.4	9.7	0	6.3	7.7	6.

Mean of all monitoring fields.

LEGEND

1-5 % or 1-5 insects

>5 % or >5 insects

Table 4. Mean incidence of pest injuries, count of insect pests, and percentage of weed cover by month from January to June 2019.

Region XII			2019	•		
	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
A. FOLIAR DISEASES						
Bacterial leaf blight	0	0.5	0.5	0.0	0.1	0.
Bacterial leaf streak	0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.
Brown spot	0	0.8	1.3	0.6	1.0	0.
Leaf blast	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
Red stripe	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
B. DISEASE OR PEST INJU	RY ON TILLERS					
Deadheart	0	0.7	0.6	0.2	1.1	0.
Sheath blight	0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
C. DISEASE OR PEST INJU	RY ON PANICLES					
Neck blast	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.
Whitehead	0	2.4	1.3	4.3	0.7	1.
D. SYSTEMIC DISEASE OR	PEST INJURY					
Bugburn	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Hopperburn	0	0.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Tungro	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
E. INSECT COUNT						
Brown planthopper	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
Green leafhopper	0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.
Rice black bug	0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.
Rice bug	0	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.
Rice grain bug	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.
F. RAT INJURY	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
G. WEED COVER	0	3.0	3.3	6.8	6.6	6.

Mean of all monitoring fields.

LEGEND

1-5 % or 1-5 insects

>5 % or >5 insects

Management of major pests

This section describes the management of the most important pests during the reporting period. A pest is operationally considered important if the mean incidence in at least one month was 5% or higher.

Brown spot

- 1. The most practical and economical approach to manage brown spot is to grow a resistant variety
- 2. When feasible, improve soil fertility by regularly monitoring nutrients in the soil and the application of required fertilizers.
- 3. If possible, the investigate the occurrence of Akiochi, a nutritional disorder which is caused by excessive concentration of hydrogen sulfide in the soil and results in reduced nutrient uptake in some surveyed fields. Brown spot develops on plants affected by Akiochi and has, in fact, been used as its indicator. It occurs in irrigated fields that are poorly drained and have excessive organic matter. Low decomposition of stubbles, which usually occurs in areas with short fallow period, results in high organic matter.
- 4. Use certified seeds or clean seeds to prevent infected seeds. Brown spot is a seedborne disease, which means that growing an infected seed will result in diseased plants during the cropping season. Clean seeds can be cleaned manually using flotation method which consists of the following steps:
 - a. Dissolve 1.5 kg salt in 40 liters of water.
 - b. Soak seeds in the salt solution.
 - c. Stir to float diseased, unfilled and broken seeds.
 - d. Remove floating seeds by hand or with a sieve.
 - e. Wash seeds 3 to 4 times with clean water.
 - f. Dry in the shade thoroughly before sowing.
- 5. Use optimum seeding rate (80 kg per hectare) for direct-seeded rice and optimum plant spacing (e.g., 20 cm x 20 cm) for transplanted rice. A dense plant canopy reduces sunlight penetration, increases leaf wetness duration and lowers temperature in the plant canopy, creating a favorable microclimate for disease development.



- 6. Apply potassium and other required nutrients in addition to nitrogen. Potassium reduces the amount of most rice diseases.
- 7. Apply calcium silicate fertilizer or silicon fertilizer if this is available in the area.
- 8. Apply fungicides, such as iprodione, propiconazole, azoxystrobin, trifloxystrobin, and carbendazim. Seeds may also be treated with fungicides. Use fungicides as a last resort in controlling the disease. Pathogens become resistant to chemical pesticides if these are not used properly. Avoid repetitive use of a single active ingredient and mix or alternate an active ingredient with an appropriate partner. Integrate the use of chemical pesticides with cultural practices or non-chemical methods. Wherever feasible, several strategies should be used together.
- 9. If possible, irrigate the field continuously until one week before harvest. Do not drain the field for long periods because drought stress favors brown spot
- 10. If harvested plants had severe disease, immediately plow or rotavate the field after harvest to incorporate infected stubbles and crop residues in the soil.
- 11. Dry grains immediately after harvest to moisture content of at least 14%.
- 12. Store grains in sealed containers with moisture content of at least 14%.

Deadheart and whitehead caused by stemborer

- 1. Know the peak of yellow stem borer population in the area. This can be done using light traps. Do not transplant or sow seeds when insect population is high.
- 2. Consider the use of pheromones to control stemborers.
- 3. The most practical and economical approach to manage whitehead is to grow a resistant variety. Rotate varieties with different levels of resistance because a resistant variety may later become susceptible if grown continuously across several cropping seasons.
- 4. Practice planting synchrony with defined fallow period in your area. Asynchronous planting results in overlapping generations of stemborer throughout the year. If this is not possible, a farmer who intends to grow a susceptible variety should not establish his crop later than most farmers' fields.
- 5. Raise level of irrigation water periodically to submerge the eggs on the lower parts of the plant.



- 6. Manage the application of nutrient fertilizers. Apply the required amount of nitrogen in splits instead of applying all the required amount at the start of the cropping season. Nitrogen makes the plant tissues softer and facilitates penetration of stemborer larvae.
- 7. Remove alternate hosts during the cropping season and fallow period.
- 8. If high infestation occurred, cut stubbles close to the ground and dry or remove stubbles from the field. A less laborious option is to plow the field during fallow to bury stubbles.
- 9. Do not apply insecticides during the early vegetative stage. Systemic insecticides may be applied after the vegetative stage. Systemic insecticides were found to be more effective than contact insecticides because the larvae and pupae are inside the stem. Insecticides should be used with extreme caution. Monitor the population of stemborers and intensity of deadheart or whitehead prior to the application of insecticides because its efficacy is low when generations of stemborer overlap and when damage is already severe. Insecticides should be used as the last resort and should be integrated with other methods to conserve natural enemies.

Weeds

- 1. Plow and harrow the field several times before crop establishment. If feasible, start land preparation 3-4 weeks before planting.
- 2. If weedy rice is a problem, apply glyphosate before land preparation or seeding. The application of pretilachlor with fenchlorim during final land preparation or levelling has also been reported to reduce weedy rice.
- 3. Practice stale seedbed technique. According to the IRRI Knowledge Bank (http://www.knowledgebank.irri.org/step-by-step-production/growth/weed-management/stale-seedbed-technique), this technique is done as follows:
 - a. Perform tillage operations. Plow, harrow, and level the field.
 - b. Stimulate weed emergence by light irrigation.
 - c. Irrigate the field at least two weeks before sowing.
 - d. Maintain enough soil moisture to allow weeds to germinate.



- e. Kill the emerged seedlings using non-selective herbicides (e.g., glyphosate) or light cultivation.
- f. If the soil condition is suitable for sowing, broadcast seeds without further tillage operations. Tillage could bring more weed seeds near the soil surface, thus promoting weed germination.
- 4. Level the field to ensure a constant water level that controls weeds. Avoid high spots where weeds can grow.
- Apply pre-emergence herbicide (e.g., pretilachlor + fenclorim 2-3 days after sowing). Follow recommended amount and timing of product and water condition in the field as indicated in the label. Do not use the same herbicide over long periods to prevent herbicide resistance.
- 6. If grass weeds are the main weed problem, apply early post-emergence herbicide.
- 7. Maintain a 2-5 cm water level in the field to minimize weed emergence. If water is sufficient, flood the fields until closure of the plant canopy.
- 8. Apply nitrogen fertilizer just after weeding to minimize rice-weed competition for nitrogen.
- 9. If feasible, consider the use of biological control agents to suppress growth or reduce population of weeds.
- 10. If feasible, plow the field during fallow to kill weeds and prevent the build-up of weed seeds in the soil.

Annexes

Annex 1. Incidence of diseases or pest injuries during the previous 1st semesters.

Region													
XII				201	.9					20	20		
North Cota	abato	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
A. FOLIAR	DISEASES												
Bacterial	mean	0.0	0.7	0.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2
leaf blight	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	14.1	7.8	0.2	0.8	0.6	1.9	8.3	0.0	0.2	0.6	3.2
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Bacterial	mean	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
leaf streak	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.7	13.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Brown	mean	0.0	0.9	1.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	1.3	0.7	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.1
spot	median	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	4.8	8.5	4.1	4.6	4.0	6.2	5.5	0.0	1.3	2.2	0.8
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	2
Leaf blast	mean	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.:
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	1.6	1.1	0.0	0.6	0.5	3.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.4
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	2
Red stripe	mean	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.3	2.3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
B. DISEASI	E OR PEST I	NJURY		ERS									
Deadheart	mean	0.0	0.9	0.8	0.4	1.8	1.1	1.1	0.3	0.0	4.8	1.1	0.8
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.4	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	24.2	5.7	4.5	16.3	8.1	33.3	7.1	0.0	20.0	5.2	7.3
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Sheath	mean	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
blight	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	4.0	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.0	2.6	4.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	2
						LEGEND							
Blue	font	5 to 10	% incide	ence of d	iseases	, insect p	est inju	iries or w	eed co	ver or 5	to 10 ins	ects.	
Red	font	> 10 %	incidend	e of dise	ases, in	sect pes	t injurie	es or wee	d cover	or > 10	insects.		

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Annex 2. Incidence of diseases or pest injuries during the previous 1st semesters.

Region XII				20	19					202	20		
North Cotab	ato	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	мау	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
C. DISEASE O	OR PEST IN	JURY OI		LES									
Neck blast	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.4	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	33	20	5	4	8	37	40	0	2	0	6
Whitehead	mean	0.0	2.4	1.6	8.6	1.2	1.3	1.6	2.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	1.6
	median	0.0	1.0	0.6	4.3	0.4	1.1	1.3	1.7	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.7
	maximum	0.0	13.0	8.7	21.9	4.2	2.9	6.0	19.0	0.0	1.4	0.0	4.8
	no. of fields	0	33	20	5	4	8	37	40	0	2	0	6
D. SYSTEMIC	DISEASE	R PEST	INJUR	(
Bugburn	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.7	6.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Hopperburn	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	1.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.5
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	84.0	64.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	53.3
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Tungro	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
					L	EGEND							
Blue	font	5 to 10	% incid	ence of	diseases	s, insec	t pest ir	njuries or	weed co	over or l	5 to 10	insects.	
Red f	ont	> 10 %	inciden	ce of dis	seases, i	nsect p	est iniu	ries or w	eed cove	er or > 1	0 insec	ts.	

Annex 3. Incidence of pest injuries, count of insect pests, and percentage of weed cover during the previous 1st semesters.

Region XII				2(019					20	20		
North Cotaba	ato	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	МАУ	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	МАУ	JUN
E. INSECT CO	UNT												
Brown	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7
planthopper	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.9	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	35.6
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Green	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
leafhopper	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Rice black	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.1	0.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
bug	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	2.0	1.1	9.9	1.6	12.7	0.0	0.6	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Rice bug	mean	0.0	0.3	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	7.7	7.0	2.3	3.7	4.7	3.3	3.0	0.0	1.3	2.0	1.3
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
Rice grain	mean	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bug	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.4	3.6	0.0	0.9	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
F. RAT	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
INJURY	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
G. WEED	mean	0.0	3.0	2.1	7.7	1.2	4.6	7.3	8.4	0.0	5.2	4.8	4.1
COVER	median	0.0	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.7	5.0	3.3	0.0	0.0	3.3	0.0
	maximum	0.0	20.0	15.0	56.7	10.0	45.0	48.3	80.0	0.0	23.3	36.7	20.0
	no. of fields	0	53	25	13	20	30	57	51	0	8	15	21
					I	LEGEND							
Blue f	ont	5 to 1	0 % inci	dence o	fdisease	es, insec	t pest ir	ijuries oi	r weed c	over or	5 to 10 i	nsects.	
Red f	ont	> 10 %	6 incide	nce of d	iseases,	insect p	est inju	ries or w	eed cov	er or >	10 insect	s.	



Annex 4. Incidence of diseases or pest injuries during the previous 1st semesters.

Region XII				2	019					20	020		
Sultan Kuc	larat	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	МАУ	JUN
A. FOLIAR	DISEASES												
Bacterial	mean	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.
leaf blight	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.3	1.1	0.0	3.3	0.2	2.2	1.3	0.0	2.2	0.4	0.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
Bacterial	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
leaf streak	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
Brown	mean	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.6	0.4	1.7	1.9	0.0	1.3	0.8	0.
spot	median	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.6	0.5	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	2.0	4.0	3.7	21.0	2.0	7.4	7.1	0.0	7.8	7.7	1.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
Leaf blast	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	1.0	1.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
Red stripe	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
B. DISEASE	E OR PEST I	NJURY		LERS									
Deadheart	mean	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.5	3.3	0.0	3.0	2.2	2.3	3.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
Sheath	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
blight	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	2
						LEGEND							
Blue	font	5 to 10	% incid	dence of	disease	s, insect	pest inju	iries or	weed co	over or 5	to 10 in:	sects.	
Red	font	> 10 %	incider	nce of di	seases, i	nsect pes	st injurie	es or we	ed cove	er or > 10	insects.		

Annex 5. Incidence of diseases or pest injuries during the previous 1st semesters.

Region XII				201	.9					202	20		
Sultan Kuda	rat	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN
C. DISEASE	OR PEST IN	JURY ON		LES									
Neck blast	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	7	4	6	3	3	14	8	0	3	5	2
Whitehead	mean	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.7	0.0	0.9	0.4	3.2	0.0	0.2	0.5	0.2
	median	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	0.0	0.0	0.4	0.2
	maximum	0.0	4.9	0.0	2.3	0.0	2.6	1.4	7.3	0.0	0.7	1.3	0.4
	no. of fields	0	7	4	6	3	3	14	8	0	3	5	2
D. SYSTEMIC	DISEASE	R PEST	INJURY										
Bugburn	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Hopperburn	mean	0.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	42.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	8.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Tungro	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
					L	EGEND							
Blue	font	5 to 10	% incide	ence of o	disease	s, insec	t pest in	juries c	or weed c	over or 5	5 to 10 i	nsects.	
Red f	ont	> 10 %	incidend	e of dis	eases, i	nsect p	est inju	ries or v	veed cov	er or > 10	0 insect	s.	

Annex 6. Incidence of pest injuries, count of insect pests, and percentage of weed cover during the previous 1st semesters.

Region XII				20	019					20	20		
Sultan Kuda	rat	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	MAY	JUN	JAN	FEB	MAR	APR	МАУ	JUN
E. INSECT CO	UNT				, i	, i		, i			, i	, i	
Brown	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
planthopper	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Green	mean	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
leafhopper	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.2	0.5	1.8	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.8	0.0	0.1	0.2	0.3
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Rice black	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bug	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.5	0.2	9.3	1.3	1.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Rice bug	mean	0.0	0.5	0.2	0.7	0.4	0.0	1.1	1.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.0
	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	3.7	1.7	4.0	3.7	0.0	6.3	7.3	0.0	2.3	0.7	0.3
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
Rice grain	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
bug	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
F. RAT	mean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
INJURY	median	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	maximum	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
G. WEED	mean	0.0	3.1	6.2	5.8	12.6	8.0	19.0	14.0	0.0	7.2	10.7	8.9
COVER	median	0.0	1.7	0.0	1.7	3.3	3.3	10.0	9.2	0.0	1.7	1.7	3.3
	maximum	0.0	10.0	20.0	28.3	80.0	45.0	80.0	56.7	0.0	36.7	45.0	80.0
	no. of fields	0	16	10	11	18	31	21	16	0	9	15	20
					I	LEGEND							
Blue f	ont	5 to 1	0 % inci	dence o	fdiseas	es, insec	t pest in	ijuries oi	r weed c	over or	5 to 10 i	nsects.	
Red f	ont	> 10 %	6 incide	nce of d	iseases,	insect p	est inju	ries or w	eed cov	er or >	10 insect	s.	